

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KÌ I NĂM HỌC 2024-2025
MÔN TIẾNG ANH 10

I. Nội dung ôn thi

1. Language

- Lexical items in topics from Unit 1 to Unit 5
- Grammar: Tenses, Compound sentences, Gerunds, To-infinitives, Bare Infinitives, Passive voice, ...
- Pronunciation : Vowels and consonants in Units 1-5

2. Listening

- A talk and a conversation related to topics in Units 1-5 (Level A2)

3. Reading

- Passages (Cloze test and reading comprehension) related to Units 1-5 (Level A2)

4. Writing

- Error identification
- Sentence transformation and combination.
- An opinion essay (120-150 words) about a topic related to Unit 1-5

5. SPEAKING

Topic 1: Talk about why children should do housework. You can use the following cues:

- + help them develop life skills.
- + teach them to take responsibility.
- + help strengthen family bonds.
- +.....

⇒ Answering the questions:

1. How often do you do homework?
2. What kind of housework do you want to do the most?

Topic 2: Talk about what activities we should do to live green

- + plant many trees
- + reduce, reuse, recycle
- + pick up rubbish
- +.....

⇒ Answering the questions:

1. Why should we live green?
2. Have you ever taken part in “ Green Living “ Campaign? When and Where?

Bài tập thực hành

I. Circle A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. psychologist B. duty C. laundry D. grocery
2. A. global B. household C. robot D. operate
3. A. culture B. numer C. suffer D. support

II. Choose the word whose stress is placed differently from that of the others.

1. A. healthy B. disease C. cancer D. balance
2. A. generate B. ability C. complicated D. regularly
3. A. single B. access C. resource D. hardware

III. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.

1. _____ to music at home is a popular recreational activity.
A. Listening B. Listen C. Listened D. To listening
2. An old lady came to us and asked for help while we _____ at the bus stop.
A. are waiting B. have waited C. were waiting D. wait
3. Tourists are advised to _____ attention to local customs and traditions.
A. pay B. attract C. lay D. do
4. People know the importance of recycling, _____ many still throw trash on the streets.
A. so B. but C. and D. nor
5. She didn't get the job _____ she had all the necessary qualifications.
A. because B. although C. so D. but
6. Computers are used _____ data processing and online communication.
A. about B. for C. of D. at
7. In her final days she asked that a charity be set up to _____ awareness of natural disasters.
A. rise B. increase C. raise D. boost
8. The teacher made him _____ for his bad behaviour.
A. to apologise B. apologise C. apologizing D. apologised
9. At the end of each school year, we _____ old textbooks and send them to poor students in remote areas.
A. sell B. collect C. exchange D. desing
10. It is convenient for you to read _____ when you travel.
A. laptop B. e-books C. computer D. printer
11. The success of the youth mentorship program left parents feeling _____ about future opportunities for their children.
A. hopeless B. hopeful C. hoping D. hoped
12. Both men and women should _____ responsibility for equal shared parenting.
A. have B. get C. hold D. take
13. Look at those storm clouds. It looks like it _____ rain any minute now.
A. rains B. is going to rain C. will rain D. has rained
14. We _____ Dorothy since last Saturday.
A. don't see B. haven't seen C. didn't see D. hadn't seen
15. A food processor is used for _____ up or _____ food.
A. chop/ mix B. chopping/ mixing C. chopping/ mix D. chop/ mixing
16. Acts of love, trust, and support are essential for nurturing strong family _____.
A. joys B. happiness C. life D. bonds

17. She became a global _____ three years ago. She has gone to developing countries and helped disadvantaged people.

- A. reason B. volunteer C. organization D. community

18. When I last saw him, he _____ in London.

- A. has lived B. is living C. was living D. has been living

19. _____ helps you improve your vocabulary.

- A. Reading B. Read C. Being read D. To read

20. We can support the disadvantaged by _____ warm blankets, food and clothes for them.

- A. donating B. volunteering C. receiving D. strengthening

IV. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. The company succeeded in design a smartphone with a foldable screen, offering users greater flexibility.

- A. design B. foldable C. offering D. flexibility

2. He didn't enjoy himself for two weeks since he knew he failed the exam.

- A. didn't enjoy B. for C. knew D. failed

3. Look at that car speeding down the road! It will crash straight into the tree if the driver doesn't brake immediately!

- A. speeding B. will C. into D. doesn't brake

4. I have taken part in many English when I was a student in my secondary school.

- A. have taken B. was C. many D. in

V. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. She decided to get involved in the local theater group to pursue her passion for acting.

- A. join B. separate C. help D. volunteer

2. Every month, the volunteer group go to remote and mountainous areas to help those in need.

- A. empty B. faraway C. crowded D. poor

VI. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer.

Music influences people in different ways or the same person differently at different times. Music may seem to influence people differently. That is because people can react differently to the music.

We are able to apply a choosing process to the music we hear. If someone hates jazz, then a jazz piece with a positive effect will probably not make him feel good. A happy song might appear to make an angry person angrier, yet it is not the music itself that is creating the anger; rather it is the positive effect of the music. The angry person does not want to accept the song's happy feeling: it points out his already existing anger, and makes that anger come to the surface.

When a piece of music is played and we are listening to it, our body, mind, and feelings are being affected. The musicians of ancient cultures such as China, India, Turkey and Greece understood the effects of music. In fact, Pathagoras, in ancient Greece, introduced a whole science that concerned them. Because the musicians of these ancient cultures understood these effects, **they** created music that was positive, **uplifting**, and beneficial.

Once the effects of music are better understood, the next step is to gain a better understanding of the music around us, and what effect it is actually having.

Question 1. Which of the following can be the best title of the passage?

- A. The effects of music on human feelings B. Understanding music
C. The science of music D. Music and an angry person

Question 2. Which of the following is NOT listed as an effect of listening to music?

- A. It can bring existing emotions to the surface B. It can influence the mind, body, and feelings
C. It can highlight a person's anger D. It can remove negative emotions

immediately

Question 3. In ancient cultures, there used to be a science that concerned the effects of music in_____.

- A. India B. China C. Greece D. Turkey

Question 4. The word "**uplifting**" in paragraph 3 is mostly closest meaning to_____.

- A. joyful B. sad C. tiring D. boring

Question 5. What does the word '**they**' in paragraph 5 refer to?

- A. effects B. musicians C. cultures D. Pathagoras

VII. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the passage.

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits each space in the following passage

What kind of music do you enjoy? Some people like going to classical concerts, and (1) _____ to an orchestra. The musicians wear very formal clothes, and the audience is silent until the end of the (2) _____. Perhaps you are a rock music fan. Rock concerts (3) _____ at football grounds or in parks.

Members of the audience dance to the music,

(4) _____ sing the songs. Traditional music is played at weddings and parties in many countries, and some people make their own music at home. Nowadays we (5) _____ music in shops and lifts , and many people carry their own music with them, or even listen to music when they study. Music is everywhere!

- | | | | | |
|----|----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1: | A. listening | B. to listening | C. listen | D. listened |
| 2: | A. performance | B. music | C. action | D. album |
| 3: | A. hold | B. was held | C. are held | D. held |
| 4: | A. so | B. but | C. or | D. nor |
| 5: | A. listen | B. perform | C. hear | D. understand |

VIII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. She last played the guitar when she came back from Danang.

→She hasn't.....

2. My grandparents are going to buy a new car next month.

→ A new car

3. I hope that we have a wonderful trip. (**Using TO**)

→I

4. The Greens are going to paint this house and these cars for Christmas day.

→This house and these cars.....

5. She hasn't joined volunteer activities for three months.

The last

IX. Combine two sentences into one by using some cues given in brackets.

6. You can go with us to the event. You can stay at home watching TV. (**Using OR**)

→.....

7. Plastic waste takes hundreds of years to decompose. People are encouraged to use reusable bags and bottles.(**Using SO**)

→.....

8. She is going to take part in the popular TV talent show. She is excited about it (**Using TAKING**)

→ She is excited

9. The boy stood on the chair. He wanted to get better view. (**Using SO AS TO**)

→The boy.....

10. John has donated old clothes for the local orphanage. He wants to help the childs there have a better life.

(Using IN ORDER)

→John

X. Listen to an interview with Mr Brown, a spectator at a test flight of a flying car. Choose the best answer.

1. What does Mr Brown do?
A. famer B. businessman C. pilot
2. Why is he interested in the test flight?
A. Because it can deal with traffic problem.
B. Because it shows that he is a rich man.
C. Because he lives in New York city.
3. How many galons does a flying car use in an hour on the ground?
A. 5 B. 15 C. 50
4. What does Mr Brown like about the flying car?
A. It is not too big B. It is big C. It is smaller than a normal car.
5. What is the biggest problem with this flying car?
A. It cannot take off without a runway.
B. Runway is so small for it to take off.
C. It is bigger than a runway.

----- The end -----